

JS 44 (Rev. 12/07, NJ 5/08)

**CIVIL COVER SHEET**

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON THE REVERSE OF THE FORM.)

**I. (a) PLAINTIFFS****JAMES RODKEY**

(b) County of Residence of First Listed Plaintiff \_\_\_\_\_

(c) Attorney's (Firm Name, Address, Telephone Number and Email Address)

Craig Thor Kimmel, Esquire  
Kimmel & Silverman, P.C.  
30 E. Butler Pike  
Ambler, PA 19002  
(215) 540-8888

**DEFENDANTS****NCO FINANCIAL SYSTEMS, INC.**

County of Residence of First Listed Defendant \_\_\_\_\_

NOTE: IN LAND CONDEMNATION CASES, USE THE LOCATION OF THE  
LAND INVOLVED.

Attorneys (If Known) \_\_\_\_\_

**II. BASIS OF JURISDICTION** (Place an "X" in One Box Only)

- ☐ 1 U.S. Government Plaintiff  
☒ 3 Federal Question (U.S. Government Not a Party)  
☐ 2 U.S. Government Defendant  
☐ 4 Diversity (Indicate Citizenship of Parties in Item III)

**III. CITIZENSHIP OF PRINCIPAL PARTIES** (Place an "X" in One Box for Plaintiff and One Box for Defendant)

- |   | PTF                        | DEF                        |   | PTF                        | DEF                        |
|---|----------------------------|----------------------------|---|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| Citizen of This State                   | <input type="checkbox"/> 1 | <input type="checkbox"/> 1 | Incorporated or Principal Place of Business in This State     | <input type="checkbox"/> 4 | <input type="checkbox"/> 4 |
| Citizen of Another State                | <input type="checkbox"/> 2 | <input type="checkbox"/> 2 | Incorporated and Principal Place of Business in Another State | <input type="checkbox"/> 5 | <input type="checkbox"/> 5 |
| Citizen or Subject of a Foreign Country | <input type="checkbox"/> 3 | <input type="checkbox"/> 3 | Foreign Nation  | <input type="checkbox"/> 6 | <input type="checkbox"/> 6 |

**IV. NATURE OF SUIT** (Place an "X" in One Box Only)

CONTRACT	TORTS	FORFEITURE/PENALTY	BANKRUPTCY	OTHER STATUTES
<input type="checkbox"/> 110 Insurance <input type="checkbox"/> 120 Marine <input type="checkbox"/> 130 Miller Act <input type="checkbox"/> 140 Negotiable Instrument <input type="checkbox"/> 150 Recovery of Overpayment & Enforcement of Judgment <input type="checkbox"/> 151 Medicare Act <input type="checkbox"/> 152 Recovery of Defaulted Student Loans (Excl. Veterans) <input type="checkbox"/> 153 Recovery of Overpayment of Veteran's Benefits <input type="checkbox"/> 160 Stockholders' Suits <input type="checkbox"/> 190 Other Contract <input type="checkbox"/> 195 Contract Product Liability <input type="checkbox"/> 196 Franchise	<b>PERSONAL INJURY</b> <input type="checkbox"/> 310 Airplane <input type="checkbox"/> 315 Airplane Product Liability <input type="checkbox"/> 320 Assault, Libel & Slander <input type="checkbox"/> 330 Federal Employers' Liability <input type="checkbox"/> 340 Marine <input type="checkbox"/> 345 Marine Product Liability <input type="checkbox"/> 350 Motor Vehicle <input type="checkbox"/> 355 Motor Vehicle Product Liability <input type="checkbox"/> 360 Other Personal Injury	<b>PERSONAL INJURY</b> <input type="checkbox"/> 362 Personal Injury - Med. Malpractice <input type="checkbox"/> 365 Personal Injury - Product Liability <input type="checkbox"/> 368 Asbestos Personal Injury Product Liability <b>PERSONAL PROPERTY</b> <input type="checkbox"/> 370 Other Fraud <input type="checkbox"/> 371 Truth in Lending <input type="checkbox"/> 380 Other Personal Property Damage <input type="checkbox"/> 385 Property Damage Product Liability	<input type="checkbox"/> 610 Agriculture <input type="checkbox"/> 620 Other Food & Drug <input type="checkbox"/> 625 Drug Related Seizure of Property 21 USC 881 <input type="checkbox"/> 630 Liquor Laws <input type="checkbox"/> 640 R.R. & Truck <input type="checkbox"/> 650 Airline Regs. <input type="checkbox"/> 660 Occupational Safety/Health <input type="checkbox"/> 690 Other	<input type="checkbox"/> 422 Appeal 28 USC 158 <input type="checkbox"/> 423 Withdrawal 28 USC 157 <b>PROPERTY RIGHTS</b> <input type="checkbox"/> 820 Copyrights <input type="checkbox"/> 830 Patent <input type="checkbox"/> 840 Trademark
<b>REAL PROPERTY</b> <input type="checkbox"/> 210 Land Condemnation <input type="checkbox"/> 220 Foreclosure <input type="checkbox"/> 230 Rent Lease & Ejectment <input type="checkbox"/> 240 Torts to Land <input type="checkbox"/> 245 Tort Product Liability <input type="checkbox"/> 290 All Other Real Property	<b>CIVIL RIGHTS</b> <input type="checkbox"/> 441 Voting <input type="checkbox"/> 442 Employment <input type="checkbox"/> 443 Housing/Accommodations <input type="checkbox"/> 444 Welfare <input type="checkbox"/> 445 Amer. w/Disabilities - Employment <input type="checkbox"/> 446 Amer. w/Disabilities - Other <input type="checkbox"/> 440 Other Civil Rights	<b>PRISONER PETITIONS</b> <input type="checkbox"/> 510 Motions to Vacate Sentence <input type="checkbox"/> Habeas Corpus: <input type="checkbox"/> 530 General <input type="checkbox"/> 535 Death Penalty <input type="checkbox"/> 540 Mandamus & Other <input type="checkbox"/> 550 Civil Rights <input type="checkbox"/> 555 Prison Condition	<b>LABOR</b> <input type="checkbox"/> 710 Fair Labor Standards Act <input type="checkbox"/> 720 Labor/Mgmt. Relations <input type="checkbox"/> 730 Labor/Mgmt. Reporting & Disclosure Act <input type="checkbox"/> 740 Railway Labor Act <input type="checkbox"/> 790 Other Labor Litigation <input type="checkbox"/> 791 Empl. Ret. Inc. Security Act <b>IMMIGRATION</b> <input type="checkbox"/> 462 Naturalization Application <input type="checkbox"/> 463 Habeas Corpus - Alien Detainee <input type="checkbox"/> 465 Other Immigration Actions	<input type="checkbox"/> 400 State Reapportionment <input type="checkbox"/> 410 Antitrust <input type="checkbox"/> 430 Banks and Banking <input type="checkbox"/> 450 Commerce <input type="checkbox"/> 460 Deportation <input type="checkbox"/> 470 Racketeer Influenced and Corrupt Organizations <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 480 Consumer Credit <input type="checkbox"/> 490 Cable/Sat TV <input type="checkbox"/> 810 Selective Service <input type="checkbox"/> 850 Securities/Commodities/Exchange <input type="checkbox"/> 875 Customer Challenge 12 USC 3410 <input type="checkbox"/> 890 Other Statutory Actions <input type="checkbox"/> 891 Agricultural Acts <input type="checkbox"/> 892 Economic Stabilization Act <input type="checkbox"/> 893 Environmental Matters <input type="checkbox"/> 894 Energy Allocation Act <input type="checkbox"/> 895 Freedom of Information Act <input type="checkbox"/> 900 Appeal of Fee Determination Under Equal Access to Justice <input type="checkbox"/> 950 Constitutionality of State Statutes

**V. ORIGIN**

(Place an "X" in One Box Only)

- ☒ 1 Original Proceeding  
☐ 2 Removed from State Court  
☐ 3 Remanded from Appellate Court  
☐ 4 Reinstated or Reopened  
☐ 5 Transferred from another district (specify) \_\_\_\_\_  
☐ 6 Multidistrict Litigation  
☐ 7 Appeal to District Judge from Magistrate Judgment

**VI. CAUSE OF ACTION**

Cite the U.S. Civil Statute under which you are filing (Do not cite jurisdictional statutes unless diversity):

15 U.S.C. SECTION 1692

Brief description of cause:  
Fair Debt Collection Practices Act**VII. REQUESTED IN COMPLAINT:**
☐ CHECK IF THIS IS A CLASS ACTION UNDER F.R.C.P. 23
**DEMAND \$**

CHECK YES only if demanded in complaint:  
**JURY DEMAND:** ☒ Yes ☐ No

**VIII. RELATED CASE(S)**

(See instructions):

JUDGE \_\_\_\_\_

DOCKET NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_

Explanation:

6-13-11

DATE

SIGNATURE OF ATTORNEY OF RECORD

## UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA — DESIGNATION FORM to be used by counsel to indicate the category of the case for the purpose of assignment to appropriate calendar.

Address of Plaintiff: 3939 Bell St Erie PA 16511

Address of Defendant: 507 Prudential Blvd, Harsheam, PA 19046

Place of Accident, Incident or Transaction: \_\_\_\_\_  
(Use Reverse Side For Additional Space)

Does this civil action involve a nongovernmental corporate party with any parent corporation and any publicly held corporation owning 10% or more of its stock?

(Attach two copies of the Disclosure Statement Form in accordance with Fed.R.Civ.P. 7.1(a))

Yes ☐ No ☒

Does this case involve multidistrict litigation possibilities?

Yes ☐ No ☒

RELATED CASE, IF ANY:

Case Number: \_\_\_\_\_ Judge: \_\_\_\_\_ Date Terminated: \_\_\_\_\_

Civil cases are deemed related when yes is answered to any of the following questions:

1. Is this case related to property included in an earlier numbered suit pending or within one year previously terminated action in this court?

Yes ☐ No ☒

2. Does this case involve the same issue of fact or grow out of the same transaction as a prior suit pending or within one year previously terminated action in this court?

Yes ☐ No ☒

3. Does this case involve the validity or infringement of a patent already in suit or any earlier numbered case pending or within one year previously terminated action in this court?

Yes ☐ No ☒

4. Is this case a second or successive habeas corpus, social security appeal, or pro se civil rights case filed by the same individual?

Yes ☐ No ☒

CIVIL: (Place ☒ in ONE CATEGORY ONLY)

A. Federal Question Cases:

1. ☐ Indemnity Contract, Marine Contract, and All Other Contracts
2. ☐ FELA
3. ☐ Jones Act-Personal Injury
4. ☐ Antitrust
5. ☐ Patent
6. ☐ Labor-Management Relations

7. ☐ Civil Rights

8. ☐ Habeas Corpus

9. ☐ Securities Act(s) Cases

10. ☐ Social Security Review Cases

11. ☒ All other Federal Question Cases

(Please specify)

15 U.S.C. § 1692

B. Diversity Jurisdiction Cases:

1. ☐ Insurance Contract and Other Contracts
2. ☐ Airplane Personal Injury
3. ☐ Assault, Defamation
4. ☐ Marine Personal Injury
5. ☐ Motor Vehicle Personal Injury

6. ☐ Other Personal Injury (Please specify)

7. ☐ Products Liability

8. ☐ Products Liability — Asbestos

9. ☐ All other Diversity Cases

(Please specify)

## ARBITRATION CERTIFICATION

(Check Appropriate Category)

I, Craig Thor Kimmel, counsel of record do hereby certify:

☐ Pursuant to Local Civil Rule 53.2, Section 3(c)(2), that to the best of my knowledge and belief, the damages recoverable in this civil action case exceed the sum of \$150,000.00 exclusive of interest and costs;

☐ Relief other than monetary damages is sought.

DATE: 6-13-11

Craig Thor Kimmel  
Attorney-at-Law

57100  
Attorney I.D.#

NOTE: A trial de novo will be a trial by jury only if there has been compliance with F.R.C.P. 38.

I certify that, to my knowledge, the within case is not related to any case now pending or within one year previously terminated action in this court except as noted above.

DATE: 6-13-11

Craig Thor Kimmel  
Attorney-at-Law

57100  
Attorney I.D.#

**IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA**

**CASE MANAGEMENT TRACK DESIGNATION FORM**

James Rodkey

CIVIL ACTION

v.

NCO Financial Systems, Inc.

NO.

In accordance with the Civil Justice Expense and Delay Reduction Plan of this court, counsel for plaintiff shall complete a Case Management Track Designation Form in all civil cases at the time of filing the complaint and serve a copy on all defendants. (See § 1:03 of the plan set forth on the reverse side of this form.) In the event that a defendant does not agree with the plaintiff regarding said designation, that defendant shall, with its first appearance, submit to the clerk of court and serve on the plaintiff and all other parties, a Case Management Track Designation Form specifying the track to which that defendant believes the case should be assigned.

**SELECT ONE OF THE FOLLOWING CASE MANAGEMENT TRACKS:**

- (a) Habeas Corpus – Cases brought under 28 U.S.C. § 2241 through § 2255. ( )
- (b) Social Security – Cases requesting review of a decision of the Secretary of Health and Human Services denying plaintiff Social Security Benefits. ( )
- (c) Arbitration – Cases required to be designated for arbitration under Local Civil Rule 53.2. ( )
- (d) Asbestos – Cases involving claims for personal injury or property damage from exposure to asbestos. ( )
- (e) Special Management – Cases that do not fall into tracks (a) through (d) that are commonly referred to as complex and that need special or intense management by the court. (See reverse side of this form for a detailed explanation of special management cases.) ( )
- (f) Standard Management – Cases that do not fall into any one of the other tracks. ☒

Date

6-13-11  
215-540-8888

Telephone

Attorney-at-law

Craig Ther Kimmel  
877-788-2864

FAX Number

Attorney for

James Rodkey  
KimmelCredLaw.com

E-Mail Address

**(Unlawful Debt Collection Practices)**

1           4.     Venue is proper pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b)(1).

2           5.     Declaratory relief is available pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 2201 and 2202.

3  
4                                   **PARTIES**

5           6.     Plaintiff is a natural person residing in Erie, Pennsylvania, 16511.

6           7.     Plaintiff is a "consumer" as that term is defined by 15 U.S.C. § 1692a(3).

7           8.     Defendant is a national debt collection company with its corporate headquarters  
8 located at 507 Prudential Road in Horsham, Pennsylvania, 19044.

9           9.     Defendant is a "debt collector" as that term is defined by 15 U.S.C. § 1692a(6),  
10 and sought to collect a debt from Plaintiff.

11           10.    Defendant acted through its agents, employees, officers, members, directors,  
12 heirs, successors, assigns, principals, trustees, sureties, subrogees, representatives, and insurers.

13  
14                                   **PRELIMINARY STATEMENT**

15           11.    The Fair Debt Collection Practices Act ("FDCPA") is a comprehensive statute,  
16 which prohibits a catalog of activities in connection with the collection of debts by third parties.  
17 See 15 U.S.C. § 1692 *et seq.* The FDCPA imposes civil liability on any person or entity that  
18 violates its provisions, and establishes general standards of debt collector conduct, defines abuse,  
19 and provides for specific consumer rights. 15 U.S.C. § 1692k. The operative provisions of the  
20 FDCPA declare certain rights to be provided to or claimed by debtors, forbid deceitful and  
21 misleading practices, prohibit harassing and abusive tactics, and proscribe unfair or  
22 unconscionable conduct, both generally and in a specific list of disapproved practices.  
23  
24  
25

1       12. In particular, the FDCPA broadly enumerates several practices considered  
2 contrary to its stated purpose, and forbids debt collectors from taking such action. The  
3 substantive heart of the FDCPA lies in three broad prohibitions. First, a “debt collector may not  
4 engage in any conduct the natural consequence of which is to harass, oppress, or abuse any  
5 person in connection with the collection of a debt.” 15 U.S.C. § 1692d. Second, a “debt  
6 collector may not use any false, deceptive, or misleading representation or means in connection  
7 with the collection of any debt.” 15 U.S.C. § 1692e. And third, a “debt collector may not use  
8 unfair or unconscionable means to collect or attempt to collect any debt.” 15 U.S.C. § 1692f.  
9 The FDCPA is designed to protect consumers from unscrupulous collectors, whether or not there  
10 exists a valid debt, broadly prohibits unfair or unconscionable collection methods, conduct which  
11 harasses, oppresses or abuses any debtor, and any false, deceptive or misleading statements in  
12 connection with the collection of a debt.  
13

14       13. In enacting the FDCPA, the United States Congress found that “[t]here is  
15 abundant evidence of the use of abusive, deceptive, and unfair debt collection practices by many  
16 debt collectors,” which “contribute to the number of personal bankruptcies, to marital instability,  
17 to the loss of jobs, and to invasions of individual privacy.” 15 U.S.C. § 1692a. Congress  
18 additionally found existing laws and procedures for redressing debt collection injuries to be  
19 inadequate to protect consumers. 15 U.S.C. § 1692b.  
20

21       14. Congress enacted the FDCPA to regulate the collection of consumer debts by debt  
22 collectors. The express purposes of the FDCPA are to “eliminate abusive debt collection  
23 practices by debt collectors, to insure that debt collectors who refrain from using abusive debt  
24 collection practices are not competitively disadvantaged, and to promote consistent State action  
25 to protect consumers against debt collection abuses.” 15 U.S.C. § 1692e.

**FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS**

15. At all relevant times, Defendant was attempting to collect an alleged consumer debt from Plaintiff.

16. The alleged debt at issue arose out of transactions, which were primarily for personal, family, or household purposes.

17. Beginning in or around July 2010 and continuing through April 2011, Defendant, its agents, employees, and servants, engaged in debt collection activities seeking payment from Plaintiff.

18. Defendant and its employees, identified to Plaintiff as "Dave" and "Angela," harassed Plaintiff in an attempt to collect the alleged debt.

19. Defendant harassed Plaintiff by making continuous calls to his home, cellular and work telephone numbers.

20. Defendant placed repeated calls to Plaintiff's phones almost every day, causing Plaintiff to receive, on average, more than two (2) collection calls a day, and at times, more than four (4) collection calls a day.

21. As a result of Defendant's continuous and repeated telephone calls, Plaintiff received, on average, more than ten (10) collection calls a week and at times, more than twenty (20) collection calls a month.

22. In addition to making repeated telephone calls to Plaintiff, Defendant left messages on Plaintiff's answering machine instructing Plaintiff "to call back immediately before further action [was] taken."

23. In July 2010, Defendant threatened Plaintiff that it would turn the alleged debt



1 over to an attorney if Plaintiff did not make payment.

2 24. In August 2010, Defendant's representative "Dave" informed Plaintiff that he  
3 owed a debt of at least \$3,500.00 and that Plaintiff needed to immediately make payment of  
4 \$1,500.00, and then informed Plaintiff that he needed to pay \$600.00 from each pay check,  
5 resulting in \$1,200.00 a month.

6 25. Plaintiff informed Defendant that he was unable to pay \$1,500.00 immediately or  
7 make monthly payments of \$1200.00. Wanting to resolve this matter, Plaintiff informed  
8 Defendant that he could mail Defendant a check for \$300.00.

9 26. Defendant refused to provide Plaintiff with an address where he could mail  
10 payment, making it impossible for Plaintiff to make a payment on the debt.

11 27. Defendant claimed that it needed Plaintiff's bank account information for  
12 payment purposes, deceptively stating that if Plaintiff did not surrender his bank account  
13 information then Defendant would obtain it anyway and automatically debit his account.

14 28. On at least two (2) occasions, Defendant left messages for Plaintiff at his place of  
15 employment, informing Plaintiff's co-worker that Plaintiff owed a debt and needed to contact  
16 Defendant.

17 29. Plaintiff instructed Defendant not contact him at his place of employment, as he  
18 was not allowed to receive personal telephone calls at work.

19 30. Despite Plaintiff's request Defendant continued to contact Plaintiff at his place of  
20 employment.

21 31. Most recently, On April 11, 2011, and April 12, 2011, Defendant left two (2)  
22 voicemail messages on Plaintiff's aunt's telephone, indicating that Defendant was looking for  
23 Plaintiff who owed a "substantial debt" and that Defendant needed information about Plaintiff's  
24  
25



1 whereabouts as it [Defendant] had been unable to reach him [Plaintiff] for at least a week.

2 32. To date, despite threats to the contrary, Defendant has not filed a lawsuit or taken  
3 other legal action against Plaintiff, thereby, indicating it did not intend to take the action  
4 previously threatened.

5 33. Defendant's actions in attempting to collect the alleged debt were harassing,  
6 abusive and highly deceptive.  
7

### 8 CONSTRUCTION OF APPLICABLE LAW 9

10 34. The FDCPA is a strict liability statute. Taylor v. Perrin, Landry, deLaunay &  
11 Durand, 103 F.3d 1232 (5th Cir. 1997). "Because the Act imposes strict liability, a consumer  
12 need not show intentional conduct by the debt collector to be entitled to damages." Russell v.  
13 Equifax A.R.S., 74 F. 3d 30 (2d Cir. 1996); see also Gearing v. Check Brokerage Corp., 233  
14 F.3d 469 (7th Cir. 2000) (holding unintentional misrepresentation of debt collector's legal status  
15 violated FDCPA); Clomon v. Jackson, 988 F. 2d 1314 (2d Cir. 1993).

16 35. The FDCPA is a remedial statute, and therefore must be construed liberally in  
17 favor of the debtor. Sprinkle v. SB&C Ltd., 472 F. Supp. 2d 1235 (W.D. Wash. 2006). The  
18 remedial nature of the FDCPA requires that courts interpret it liberally. Clark v. Capital Credit  
19 & Collection Services, Inc., 460 F. 3d 1162 (9th Cir. 2006). "Because the FDCPA, like the  
20 Truth in Lending Act (TILA) 15 U.S.C §1601 *et seq.*, is a remedial statute, it should be  
21 construed liberally in favor of the consumer." Johnson v. Riddle, 305 F. 3d 1107 (10th Cir.  
22 2002).  
23

24 36. The FDCPA is to be interpreted in accordance with the "least sophisticated"  
25 consumer standard. See Jeter v. Credit Bureau, Inc., 760 F.2d 1168 (11th Cir. 1985); Graziano

1 v. Harrison, 950 F. 2d 107 (3<sup>rd</sup> Cir. 1991); Swanson v. Southern Oregon Credit Service, Inc.,  
 2 869 F.2d 1222 (9th Cir. 1988). The FDCPA was not "made for the protection of experts, but for  
 3 the public - that vast multitude which includes the ignorant, the unthinking, and the credulous,  
 4 and the fact that a false statement may be obviously false to those who are trained and  
 5 experienced does not change its character, nor take away its power to deceive others less  
 6 experienced." Id. The least sophisticated consumer standard serves a dual purpose in that it  
 7 ensures protection of all consumers, even naive and trusting, against deceptive collection  
 8 practices, and protects collectors against liability for bizarre or idiosyncratic interpretations of  
 9 collection notices. Clomon, 988 F. 2d at 1318.

11  
 12 **COUNT I**  
 13 **DEFENDANT VIOLATED THE**  
 14 **FAIR DEBT COLLECTION PRACTICES ACT**

15 37. In its actions to collect a disputed debt, Defendant violated the FDCPA in one or  
 16 more of the following ways:

- 17 a. Defendant violated the FDCPA generally;
- 18 b. Defendant violated §1692b(2) of the FDCPA by stating to a third person that  
 19 Plaintiff owed a debt, specifically his co-worker and aunt;
- 20 c. Defendant violated §1692b(3) of the FDCPA by communicating with  
 21 Plaintiff's co-worker and aunt more than once about a debt alleged to be  
 22 owed by Plaintiff, without good faith basis to do so;
- 23 d. Defendant violated §1692c(a)(3) of the FDCPA by communicating with  
 24 Plaintiff at his place of employment after Defendant knew or had reason to  
 25 know that Plaintiff's employer prohibits Plaintiff from receiving such

1 communication;

2 e. Defendant violated §1692c(b) of the FDCPA by communicating with  
3 Plaintiff's co-worker and aunt about a debt alleged to be owed by Plaintiff  
4 without Plaintiff's prior consent;

5 f. Defendant violated §1692d of the FDCPA by harassing Plaintiff in  
6 connection with the collection of an alleged debt;

7 g. Defendant violated §1692d(5) of the FDCPA, when it caused the Plaintiff's  
8 telephone to ring repeatedly or continuously with the intent to harass, annoy  
9 or abuse Plaintiff;

10 h. Defendant violated §1692e of the FDCPA by using false, deceptive, or  
11 misleading representations or means in connection with the collection of a  
12 debt;

13 i. Defendant violated §1692e(5) of the FDCPA by threatening to take action  
14 that cannot legally be taken or that is not intended to be taken;

15 j. Defendant violated §1692e(10) of the FDCPA by using false representations  
16 or deceptive means to collect or attempt to collect a debt;

17 k. Defendant violated §1692f of the FDCPA by using unfair and unconscionable  
18 means with Plaintiff to collect or attempt to collect a debt;

19 l. Defendant violated §1692g of the FDCPA by failing to send written  
20 notification, within five (5) days after its initial communication with Plaintiff,  
21 advising Plaintiff of his rights to dispute the debt or request verification of the  
22 debt; and  
23

24 m. Defendant acted in an otherwise deceptive, unfair and unconscionable manner  
25

and failed to comply with the FDCPA.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff, JAMES RODKEY, respectfully prays for a judgment as follows:


- a. All actual compensatory damages suffered pursuant to 15 U.S.C. § 1692k(a)(1);
- b. Statutory damages of \$1,000.00 for the violation of the FDCPA pursuant to 15 U.S.C. § 1692k(a)(2)(A);
- c. All reasonable attorneys' fees, witness fees, court costs and other litigation costs incurred by Plaintiff pursuant to 15 U.S.C. § 1693k(a)(3); and
- d. Any other relief deemed appropriate by this Honorable Court.

**DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL**

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that Plaintiff, JAMES RODKEY, demands a jury trial in this case.

DATED: 6-13-11

RESPECTFULLY SUBMITTED,  
KIMMEL & SILVERMAN, P.C.

By:   
Craig Thor Kimmel  
Attorney ID # 57100  
Kimmel & Silverman, P.C.  
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